§803.3

- of providing diagnostic, therapeutic (medical, occupational, speech, physical, etc.), surgical and other patient services for specific and general medical conditions. Hospitals include general, chronic disease, rehabilitative, psychiatric, and other special-purpose facilities. A hospital may be either independent (e.g., not a part of a provider of services or any other facility) or may be operated by another medical entity (e.g., under the common ownership, licensure or control of another entity). A hospital is covered by this regulation regardless of whether it is licensed by a Federal, State, municipal or local government or whether it is accredited by a recognized accreditation organization. If an adverse event meets the criteria for reporting, the hospital must report that event regardless of the nature or location of the medical service provided by the hos-
- (m) *Malfunction* means the failure of a device to meet its performance specifications or otherwise perform as intended. Performance specifications include all claims made in the labeling for the device. The intended performance of a device refers to the intended use for which the device is labeled or marketed, as defined in §801.4 of this chapter.
- (n) Manufacturer means any person who manufactures, prepares, propagates, compounds, assembles, or processes a device by chemical, physical, biological, or other procedure. The term includes any person who:
- (1) Repackages or otherwise changes the container, wrapper or labeling of a device in furtherance of the distribution of the device from the original place of manufacture;
- (2) Initiates specifications for devices that are manufactured by a second party for subsequent distribution by the person initiating the specifications;
- (3) Manufactures components or accessories which are devices that are ready to be used and are intended to be commercially distributed and intended to be used as is, or are processed by a licensed practitioner or other qualified person to meet the needs of a particular patient; or

- (4) Is the U.S. agent of a foreign manufacturer.
- (o) Manufacturer report number means the number that uniquely identifies each individual adverse event report submitted by a manufacturer. This number consists of three parts as follows:
- (1) The FDA registration number for the manufacturing site of the reported device. (If the manufacturing site does not have a registration number, FDA will assign a temporary number until the site is officially registered. The manufacturer will be informed of the temporary number.);
- (2) The four-digit calendar year in which the report is submitted; and
- (3) The five-digit sequence number of the reports submitted during the year, starting with 00001. (For example, the complete number will appear 1234567–1995–00001.)
- (p) MDR means medical device report.
- (q) MDR reportable event (or reportable event) means:
- (1) An event about which user facilities become aware of information that reasonably suggests that a device has or may have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury; or
- (2) An event about which manufacturers have received or become aware of information that reasonably suggests that one of their marketed devices:
- (i) May have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury; or
- (ii) Has malfunctioned and that the device or a similar device marketed by the manufacturer would be likely to cause or contribute to a death or serious injury if the malfunction were to recur.
- (r) *Medical personnel*, as used in this part, means an individual who:
- (1) Is licensed, registered, or certified by a State, territory, or other governing body, to administer health care;
- (2) Has received a diploma or a degree in a professional or scientific discipline;
- (3) Is an employee responsible for receiving medical complaints or adverse event reports; or
 - (4) Is a supervisor of such persons.